

Code	Course		Credits
10101	Applied Statistics for Business using Excel / SPSS	-	4
10102	Operations Research (optimisation Techniques)	-	4
10103	Fundamentals program in R Programming	-	3
10104	Oracle SQL	-	4
10105	Python – Basics	-	2
10201	Business Economics		4
10202	Research Methodology		4



With effect from June 2019

Subject code- 10101 Semester – 1 Credit - 4

Subject title – Applied Statistics for Business (Pattern 2019)

Objectives:

Unit	Topics
No.	
1	Concept of statistics, population, sample, parameter and statistic, examples of use of statistic, data sources, representation of data, types of statistical analyses, sampling methods, types of variables, measures of central tendency, statistical estimation: point and interval, co-variance, coefficient of correlation, formulae.
2	Permutations and combinations, Probability concepts, types of probabilities, collectively exhaustive event set, joint probability, Bayes Theorem, probability distribution for a discreet random variable, probabilistic view on variance, covariance.
3	Distributions: Bernoulli's trail, binomial distribution, Poisson distribution, Hypergeometric distribution, student-t distribution, Chi-square distribution, F- distribution, Normal distribution, explanation of derivation of population parameter through samples and central limit theorem, Z score.
4	Hypothesis and testing, single parameter and two-parameter testing, single sided and two- sided testing, p-value, tests and test statistic and logic behind it, problems on hypothesis testing, diagnostic tests: goodness of fit, t-test, f-test and chi-sq test, contingency table, degree of freedom, analysis of variances.



With effect from June 2019

Subject code- 10102 Semester – 1 Credit - 4

Subject title – Operations Research (Pattern 2019)

Unit No.	Topics	
1	Mathematical Optimization for Business ProblemsMathematical Programming is a powerful technique used to model and solve optimizationproblems. This training provides the necessary fundamentals of mathematical programming anduseful tips for good modeling practice in order to construct simple optimization models. In thistraining, students will explore several aspects of mathematical programming and more aboutconstructing optimization models using IBM Decision Optimization technology, including:	
	• Basic terminology: operations research, mathematical optimization, and mathematical programming	
	• Basic elements of optimization models: data, decision variables, objective functions, and constraints	
	• Different types of solution: feasible, optimal, infeasible, and unbounded	
	• Mathematical programming techniques for optimization: Linear Programming, Integer Programming, Mixed Integer Programming, and Quadratic Programming	
	• Algorithms used for solving continuous linear programming problems: simplex, dual simplex, and barrier	
	• Important mathematical programming concepts: sparsity, uncertainty, periodicity, network structure, convexity, piecewise linear and nonlinear	
	These concepts are illustrated by concrete examples, including a production problem and different	
	network models.	
2	Mathematical Optimization for Business Problems	
	Mathematical Programming is a powerful technique used to model and solve optimization	
	problems. This training provides the necessary fundamentals of mathematical programming and	
	useful tips for good modeling practice in order to construct simple optimization models. In this	
	training, students will explore several aspects of mathematical programing and more about	
	constructing optimization models using IBM Decision Optimization technology, including:	
	Basic terminology: operations research, mathematical optimization, and mathematical programming	
	• Basic elements of optimization models: data, decision variables, objective functions, and constraints	
	• Different types of solution: feasible, optimal, infeasible, and unbounded	
	• Mathematical programming techniques for optimization: Linear Programming, Integer Programming, Mixed Integer Programming, and Quadratic Programming	
	• Algorithms used for solving continuous linear programming problems: simplex, dual simplex, and barrier	
	• Important mathematical programming concepts: sparsity, uncertainty, periodicity, network structure, convexity, piecewise linear and nonlinear	



	These concepts are illustrated by concrete examples, including a production problem and different network models.
3	Introduction to Linear programming
	• A production problem : Part 1 - Writing the model
	• A production problem : Part 2 - Finding a solution
	• A production problem : Part 3 - From feasibility to unboundedness
	• Algorithms for solving linear programs : Part 1 - The Simplex and Dual Simplex
	Algorithm
	Algorithms for solving linear programs : Part 2 - The Simplex and Barrier methods
4	Linear Programming
5	Network Models
	Introduction to Network Models
	• The Transportation problem
	• The Transshipment problem
	• The Assignment problem
	• The shortest path problem
	Critical path analysis
6	Beyond simple LP
	Nonlinearity and Convexity
	Piecewise linear programming
	Integer programming
	• The branch and bound method
	Quadratic Programming
7	Modelling Practice
	Modelling the real world
	The importance of Sparsity
	Tips for better models



With effect from June 2019

Subject code- 10103 Semester – 1

Credit - 3

Subject title – Fundamentals program in R Programming (Pattern 2019)

Objectives:

R is a powerful language for data analysis, data visualization, machine learning, and statistics. Data visualization plays an essential role in the representation of both small and large scale data. The main goal of this course is to teach students how to take data that at first glance has little meaning and present that data in a form that makes sense to people. In this course, participants will be learning about the basics of R, and will end with the confidence to start writing your own R scripts.

Unit No.	Topics
1	Module 2.1 Module 1 - R basics
	Math, Variables, and Strings
	Vectors and Factors
	Vector operations
2	Module 2.2 Data structures in R
	Arrays & Matrices
	• Lists
	Dataframes
3	Module 2.3 R programming fundamentals
	Conditions and loops
	• Functions in R
	Objects and Classes
	Debugging
4	Module 2.4 - Working with data in R
	Reading CSV and Excel Files
	Reading text files
	Writing and saving data objects to file in R
5	Module 2.5 - Strings and Dates in R
	• String operations in R
	Regular Expressions
	Dates in R
6	Module 2.6 - Basic Visualization Tools
	Bar Charts
	• Histograms
	Pie Charts
7	Module 2.7 - Basic Visualization Tools Continued
	Scatter Plots
	Line Plots and Regression



8	Module 2.8 - Specialized Visualization Tools
	Word Clouds
	Radar Charts
	Waffle Charts
	Box Plots
9	Module 2.9 - How to create Maps
	Creating Maps in R



With effect from June 2019

Subject code- 10104 Semester – 1 Credit - 4

Subject title – Information Management - RDBMS concepts (Pattern 2019)

Unit	Topics
No.	
1	Introduction to RDBMS – Data Models – Database users – System Structure – Data base administrator – Basic concepts
2	Entity – Relationship model, Basic concepts – Mapping constraints – Keys – ER Diagram – Work Entity sets – Design of an ER Database Schema – reduction of ER Schema to tables
3	 SQL - Set operations – Aggregate functions – Null values – Nested subqueries – views Modification of databases joined Relations – DDL – other SQL features
4	Data Warehousing theory- concept of cubes and aggregation of data in characteristics, Key figures and data granularity
5	Comparison of OLTP and OLAP
6	TL- Extraction, Transformation and Loading of data from various sources to DW
7	Slicing, dicing and cross applications reporting and complex data analysis
8	Business Applications of BI- Business Intelligence
9	Data Mining Engine consisting of a set of functional modules for tasks such as characterization, association and correlation analysis, classification, prediction, cluster analysis, outlier analysis, and evolution analysis.
10	Pattern Evaluation-The search toward interesting patterns and knowledge presentation and visualization techniques for displaying recognized patterns
11	Mining Applications- Financial data, Retail Industry, Telecom Industry, Biological Data etc.



With effect from June 2019

Subject code- 10105Semester - 1Credit - 2

Subject title – Python - Basics (Pattern 2019)

Unit	Topics
No.	
1	Introduction to Python,
	• Understanding Operators, Variables and Data Types,
	Looping Constructs, Functions,
	Data Structure, Lists, Dictionaries
	• Understanding Standard Libraries in Python, Reading a CSV File in Python
2	 Data Frames and basic operations with Data Frames, Indexing a Data Frame Data cleaning, Data Transformation Libraries in Python – NumPy, Pandas Seaborn



Subject code- 10201 Semester – 2

Credit - 4

Subject title – <u>Business Economics</u>

Objectives:

Unit	Topics
No.	
1	Introduction to Managerial-Economics: Nature and Scope; Approaches; Relevance to
	Social Economy: Concept of Scarcity; Concept of Division of Labor and Exchange; Factors
	of production, Utility, Market, Exchange; Market Mechanism
2	Market - Demand Side: Law of Demand; Exceptions, Elasticity Concepts; Downward
	Sloping Curve/ Shifts of Demand Curve; Notion of Competition/ Industry Demand Curve.
	Market - Supply Side: Law of Supply; Exceptions, Elasticity Concepts
3	Equilibrium and Pricing: Price Determination
4	Concepts of Cost; Fixed/ Variable/ Average Costs; Marginal Cost, Opportunity Costs;
	Social Costs
5	Production and Returns: Variable Proportions; Returns to Scale: Increasing; decreasing;
	constant returns, Input-Output; Value Added (Production Based Interpretation, 'Factor-
	payment' Interpretation; Labour and other factor payments)
6	Market Structures: Competition, Monopoly, Imperfect Competition, Monopolistic
	Competition, Oligopoly: Pricing decisions under different market structures



With effect from June 2019

Subject code- 10202

Semester – 2

Credit - 4

Subject title – <u>Research Methodology (Pattern 2019)</u>

Unit	Topics
No.	
1	Perspective and approaches to research: Quantitative, Positivist and Qualitative Etic and Emic perspectives, Phenomenology Ethnography, Grounded Theory Research in Business
2	Research Process: Overview and steps involved in research
3	Research Problem and Proposal: Selecting defining and developing the problem and formulating the hypothesis
4	Research Design and Planning: Meaning of research design, kinds of research design, experimental and non-experimental designs, operational design and planning
5	 Primary Data Collection Methods: a.) Survey methods, Questionnaire design, Instruments for respondent communication, Experimentation b.)Observation methods, Participant Observation, Interviews, Behavioral event interview, long interview, Focus group discussion, Case study method Sampling: Sampling design, criteria for selecting a sample, types of sampling, sample size
6	Secondary data and literature research, problems in secondary data
7	Scaling: Importance, scaling, basic types of scales
8	Data Processing and Preliminary Analysis: Editing, tabulating, coding, classification, analysis, interpretation, statistics in research, use of computers in research
9	Sampling Distribution and Hypothesis Testing
10	Report writing and presentation

